

**Data Protection Impact Assessment**

## **Screening Questions**

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| **Questions** | **Yes** | **No** |
| It is advisable to compete a DPIA if processing involves any **two** of the following**:** | | |
| 1. Evaluation or scoring including profiling and prediction |  |  |
| 1. Automated decision-making with significant effects |  |  |
| 1. Systematic monitoring of individuals including in a publicly accessible area |  |  |
| 1. Processing of sensitive data or data of a highly personal nature e.g. [special category data](https://ico.org.uk/for-organisations/guide-to-data-protection/guide-to-the-general-data-protection-regulation-gdpr/special-category-data/what-is-special-category-data/) or [criminal offences data](https://ico.org.uk/for-organisations/guide-to-data-protection/guide-to-the-general-data-protection-regulation-gdpr/lawful-basis-for-processing/criminal-offence-data/#what) |  |  |
| 1. Processing on a large scale (e.g., more than 100, high volume of data large range of personal data or for longer than 1 year); |  |  |
| 1. Processing of data concerning vulnerable data subjects e.g., children or vulnerable adults |  |  |
| 1. Interacting with individuals in an intrusive way |  |  |
| 1. For a purpose not currently used |  |  |
| 1. Disclosed to people or organisations without previous access or transferred outside the UK |  |  |
| 1. Preventing data subjects from exercising a right or using a service or contract |  |  |
| A DPIA **must** be completed if processing involves **any one** of the criteria listed belowor: **more than one of the criteria marked\*** | | |
| 1. Use innovative technology or organisational solutions?**\*** |  |  |
| 1. Use profiling or special category data to decide on access to services? |  |  |
| 1. [Profile](https://ico.org.uk/for-organisations/guide-to-data-protection/guide-to-the-general-data-protection-regulation-gdpr/automated-decision-making-and-profiling/what-is-automated-individual-decision-making-and-profiling/#id1) individuals on a large scale? |  |  |
| 1. Biometric data **or** genetic data**\*** |  |  |
| 1. Matching data or combining datasets from different sources |  |  |
| 1. Collecting personal data from a source other than the individual without providing them with a privacy notice (invisible processing)**\*** |  |  |
| 1. Tracking individuals’ location or behaviour including online behaviour**\*** |  |  |
| 1. Profiling children or target marketing or online services at them |  |  |
| 1. Might endanger the individual’s physical health or safety in the event of a security breach |  |  |